()) TENSE

DT-96 / DT-72 / DT-48 / DT-D / DT-Y ENG

AUTO-TUNE PID TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER

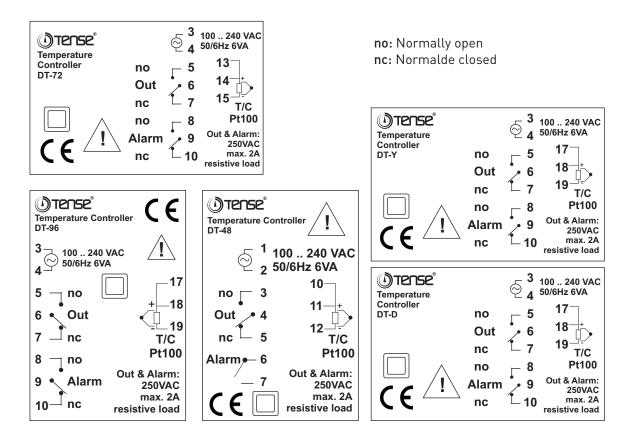
CE

General Specification

- $\bullet \quad \mu P$ based, PID temperature controller with OUT and ALARM outputs
- Auto-tuning for PID parameters
- Sensor type: T/C (J,K,T,S,R), Pt100, selectable, multi-input
- Selectable control type: P, PI, PD, PID or ON-OFF
- Automatic "Overshoot" elimination in PID mode "Anti-windup"
- "Anti-windup"
- Upper and Lower limit for SET and ALARM settings
- Selectable relative, absolute or band alarm
- ON-delay for OUT in cooling mode
- Displays SET and PROCESS values
- Cold-junction compensation for T/C
- Line compensation for Pt100
- Excellent linearity with °C/mV and °C/W look-up tables
- Input "Offset" feature
- Password protection
- High accuracy
- EEPROM memory to store settings
- Optional SSR output
- Easy connection with plug-in connectors

Connection

Marning: If 2 wire Pt100 is used, connect compansation lead to measuring lead. (DT-96/ DT-Y/DT-D: 17-18, DT-72: 13-14, DT-48: 10-11)



MADE IN TURKEY

Technical Specification

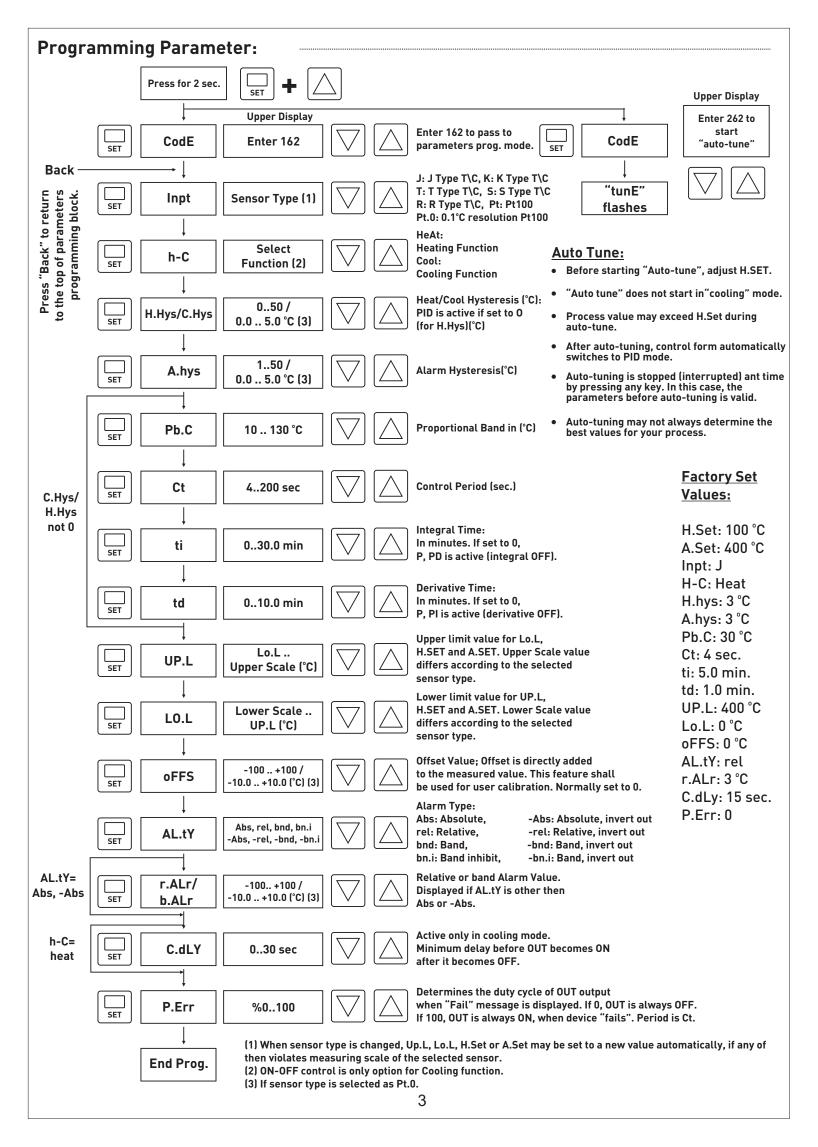
 Dimension 	: DT-96:96x96, DT-72:72x72, DT-48:48x48, DT-D, DT-Y:48x96mm
 Display 	: 4 Digits 7 Segment (PV), 4 digits 7 Segment (SV)
 Sensor Type 	: J,K,T,S,R type T/C, Pt100 selectable
 Measuring Scale 	: -100 600 °C, J type T/C, (Inpt=J), -100 1300 °C, K type T/C, (Inpt=k)
	-100 400 °C, T type T/C, (Inpt=t), 0 1750 °C, S type T/C, (Inpt=S)
	0 1750 °C, R type T/C, (Inpt=r), -100 600 °C, Pt100, (Inpt=Pt)
	-99.9 600.0 °C, Pt100, (Inpt=Pt.0)
Resolution	: ±1°C or ± 0.1°C
 Accuracy 	: ± % 0.3 (Over full scale)
Control Form	: ON-OFF or P,PI,PD,PID - selectable
Out Output	: Relay (NO + NC), 250VAC, 2A, Resistive load, (optional SSR)
Alarm Output	: Relay (NO + NC), 250VAC, 2A, Resistive load, (only NO for Dt48)
Heat SET	: Lower Limit Upper Limit °C (H.Set)
 Alarm SET 	: AL.tY = Abs,-Abs; Lo.L UP.L °C (A.Set)
	AL.tY = rel, -rel, bnd, -bnd, bn.i, -bn.i; -100 +100 / -10.0 +10.0 (Pt.0)
 Heat Hysteresis 	: 0 50 / 0.0 5.0 °C (H.Hys); PID is active if set to 0
•	: 150/0.15.0°C (A.Hys)
 Proportional Band 	
 Integral Time 	: 030,0 min. (OFF if set to 0)
 Derivative Time 	: 0 10,0 min. (OFF if set to 0)
Control Period	: 4200 sec (Ct)
Offset	: -100+100 °C / -10.0 +10.0 (oFFS)
 Heating/Cooling 	: Selectable (only ON-OFF control form is active for cooling)
• Cold. Junc. Comp.	
• Line Comp.	: 10 Ohm maks. (3 wire Pt100)
 Operation Temp 	: −20°C 50 °C
 Supply Voltage 	: 100240VAC, 50/60Hz
• Power Consump.	: < 6VA
 Weight 	: < 0.5 kg
 Altitude 	: < 2000 m
• Failure	• ALARM output is always OFF, OUT output is active according to P.Err and Ct parameters in case of sensor failure, measurement out of range or hardware fails to measure input signal (OUT output is OFF if Perr is 0)

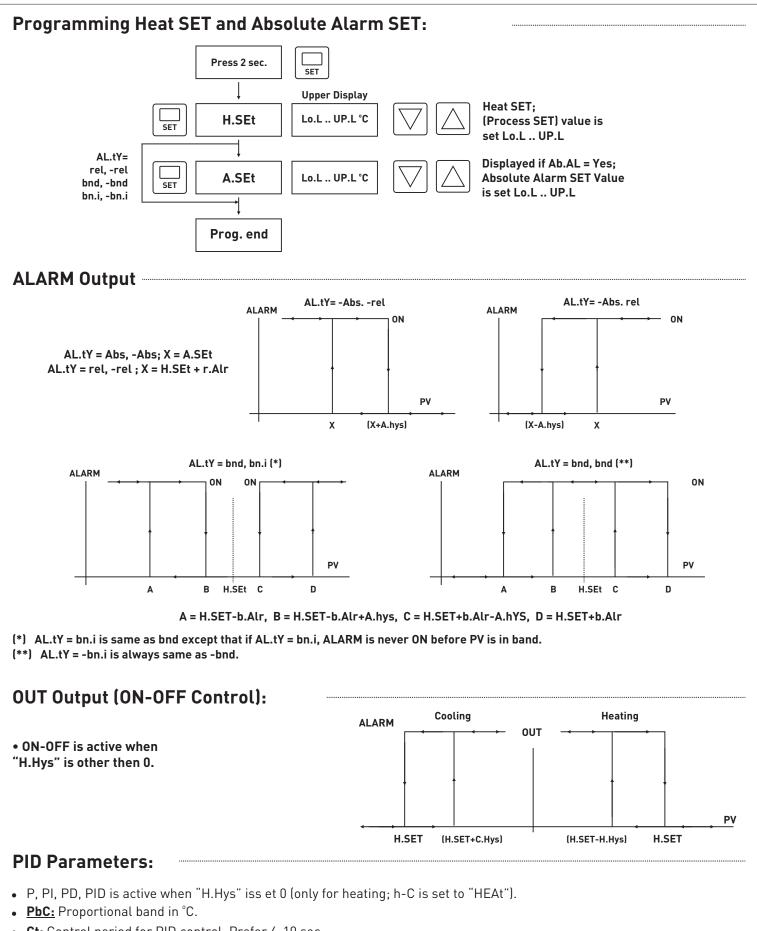
Error Message:

- FAIL : Displays "FAiL" message in case of sensor failure, measurement out of range or hardware fails to measure input signal.
- **Err** : Hardware failure.

Marning:

- Use shielded and twisted signal cables and connect shield to ground on device side. Use correct compensation cables for T/C sensors. Connect T/C cable directly to the device connectors. Keep all signal cables away from contactors, devices/cables emitting electrical noise, power cables.
- Keep device away from contactors, devices/cables emitting electrical noise, power cables. Take precautions agains environmental conditions like humidity, vibration, pollution and high/low temperature during installation.
- Use fuse (slow 250mA 250VAC) on mains/supply input of the device. Use appropriate cables for mains connections. Apply safety regulations during installation.





- <u>Ct</u>: Control period for PID control. Prefer 4-10 sec.
- <u>Ti:</u> Integral time; Set in minutes. Determines how fast controller reacts to compansate the offset between SET point and the process value. If set to 0, integral part is OFF. If set too low, process value may oscillate.
- <u>Td:</u> Derivative time; Set in minutes. If set to 0, derivative parf is OFF. Determines how sensitive the controller is to changes of the offset between SET point and the process value. If set too high, process value may oscillate of overshoot.